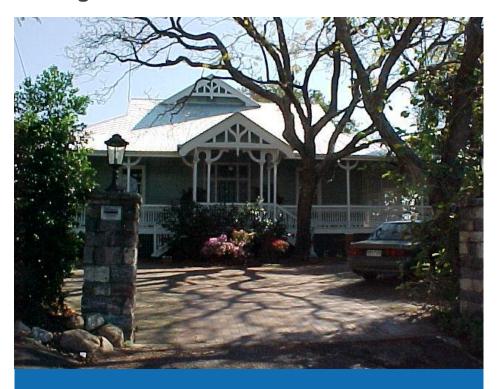


Heritage Citation



66 Markwell Street, Hamilton

Key details

Also known as	Berrimilla
Addresses	At 66 Markwell Street, Hamilton, Queensland 4007
Type of place	House
Period	Federation 1890-1914
Style	Bungalow
Lot plan	L5_RP33663
Key dates	Local Heritage Place Since — 1 January 2004 Date of Citation — August 2010
Construction	Roof: Corrugated iron; Walls: Timber

This fine Federation style bungalow was constructed sometime between 1895 and 1910 for wealthy solicitor George Edmondstone Markwell. Markwell, is not believed to have resided at the property but it appears to have been occupied by other members of the Markwell family. Markwell sold the property in 1904 and it has since changed hands a number of times. Notable features of the house include a brick fireplace, pressed metal ceilings, a servant's wing, and two porphyry gateposts at the entrance to the property.

History

Historical research indicates that this substantial residence was built between 1895 and 1910 for George Edmondstone Markwell. However, it appears that Markwell did not reside in the house and that it was possibly used by other members of the Markwell family.

George Markwell, a solicitor, was the son of John and Georgiana Markwell. Baptised in 1854, he was established as a solicitor with premises at 149 Queen Street by the 1870s.

By 1893, George Markwell had acquired over an acre of land between Eldernell Avenue (now Killara Avenue) and Markwell Street, which at that time did not extend all the way down the slope to Wyenbah Road. (This occurred at some time prior to 1916). McKellar's 1895 Map of Brisbane and Suburbs shows an estate marked across this land as Edalmar. This was the name of George Markwell's residence in the 1880s in the vicinity of Perry Park at Bowen Hills and is likely to be the name of his new residence at Hamilton. According to one owner of the property, the house was originally called Mooee.

The Markwell family appears to have had another residence named Tamar in nearby Riverview Terrace, where various members of the family, including George, lived at different times. From 1902, postal records give Eldernell Avenue as the residential address of Walter Markwell, a partner in the firm of "commission, land and estate agents", Markwell Bros. Alternatively, Walter Markwell may have lived in a second house also in the vicinity of Markwell Street as he continues to have this address after George's property was sold to Charlotte Moore, a widow, in 1904.

At the turn of the 20th century, Hamilton was a very desirable address which attracted some of Brisbanes's wealthiest families and most prominent politicians and members of the professions. The views of the city and the river and the cooling breezes on the hills of Hamilton made the area one of the city's most sought after suburbs. At this time, some of the larger 19th century estates were being subdivided to allow new housing to be built. It was however, still the pattern of development for new houses to be substantial, often architect designed and usually set in large grounds.

After the death of Charlotte Moore in 1915, the house and some of the surrounding grounds were sold to Florence McTaggart, wife of Daniel McTaggart, and was used as their family home until 1927. The house changed hands again in 1934 and it was at this time that the grounds were reduced slightly to the present allotment of some 2800 square metres. It is believed that the house was renamed Berrimilla at this time.

The house includes a wing on the western side which was used as servants' quarters. This wing, separated from

the main house by an "L" shaped verandah is shown on a 1920s sewerage detail plan of the site and is significant for the evidence it provides of the way of life of Brisbane's wealthy families at the turn of the 20th century. A tennis court to the south west of the servants' quarters is also shown on the 1920s detail plan. This area was later sold and built upon. A later verandah behind the servants' wing is not considered to be of heritage significance. Similarly, an addition to the rear of the main house (probably an extension approved by Brisbane City Council in 1980) is also excluded from the heritage significance of the property. The new tennis court is also not considered to be of heritage significance.

Other original features of the residence that are considered to have heritage significance and that should be retained in any future changes to the property include the brick fireplace (which should not be moved), the pressed metal ceilings and timber panelled dados on the walls of the two front rooms, and the wide entrance hallway. Also significant are the two porphyry gate posts at the Markwell Street entrance. Although the house appears to address the east with two bay windows, the entrance was probably in Markwell Street due to easier access.

Statement of significance

Relevant assessment criteria

This is a place of local heritage significance and meets one or more of the local heritage criteria under the Heritage planning scheme policy of the *Brisbane City Plan 2014*. It is significant because:

Historical

CRITERION A

The place is important in demonstrating the evolution or pattern of the city's or local area's history

as an example of a fine residence with a surviving servants' wing that demonstrates the historical pattern of the construction of fine homes in Hamilton at the turn of the century, when the area continued to attract a number of Brisbane's most elite and wealthy residents

Aesthetic

CRITERION E

The place is important because of its aesthetic significance

as a good example of a substantial Federation era bungalow.

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Note: This citation has been prepared on the basis of evidence available at the time including an external examination of the building. The statement of significance is a summary of the most culturally important aspects of the property based on the available evidence, and may be re-assessed if further information becomes available. The purpose of this citation is to provide an informed evaluation for heritage registration and information. This does not negate the necessity for a thorough conservation study by a qualified practitioner, before any action is taken which may affect its heritage significance.

Citation prepared by — Brisbane City Council (page revised June 2022)



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