

Heritage Citation



Key details

Also known as	Faust's Grocery
Addresses	At 174 Cavendish Road, Coorparoo, Queensland 4151
Type of place	Shop/s
Period	Interwar 1919-1939
Style	Free Style
Lot plan	L1_RP124150
Key dates	Local Heritage Place Since — 1 January 2011 Date of Citation — April 2009
Construction	Walls: Face brick

People/associations	Eric Percival Trewern (Architect); W. R. Gaskell and Son (Builder)

Criterion for listing (A) Historical; (E) Aesthetic

The set of three brick shops on the corner of Cavendish and Old Cleveland Roads was built in 1927. Originally a grocery store in the late nineteenth century, known as Faust's Grocery, the corner site building was replaced by the brick building designed by E. P. Trewern. The interwar period in Coorparoo was one of increased development reflective of the population growth in the area, this set of shops demonstrates this.

History

The initial settlement of the area now known as Coorparoo was relatively slow. Coorparoo land sales occurred from 1856, gradually development occurred with mainly farmers and land speculators purchasing land at these early sales. By 1888, the locality had a population in excess of 2,000 people in over 550 homes. The population growth in the area saw ribbon development along the main transport arteries of Logan Road and Old Cleveland Road; pocket development in areas such as Stones Corner; with the wealthier residents living on the hill tops especially along the Cavendish Road ridgeline.

From the mid 1870s the population of Brisbane increased markedly and a rise in residential settlement began to occur. Brisbane's population had grown to 47, 000 by 1881. It was during the 1880s that the greatest changes to the residential settlement patterns occurred. This was due to several factors including an expanding economy, expansion of infrastructure including extended tram and train services, improved communication systems, and an increase in immigration to Brisbane. By 1891 Brisbane's population had increased to over 100, 000.

By the 1890s, the Stones Corner and Coorparoo area included a socio-economic mix that ranged from farmers to politicians. These included Frederick Brentnall M.L.C., James Stodart M.L.A. and Walter Henry Barnes M.L.A., business men such as Nathaniel Lade, James Hipwood and Reuben Nicklin and important public servants such as Edward Deshon C.M.G., Reginald Mulholland King, James Evan Burstall and T.W. Connah. Coorparoo, while not distant from the city, was a semi-rural area until the 1910s. Then the population began to increase rapidly due to the extension of the tramline to Stones Corner in 1915.

One of the important Coorparoo roads became Cavendish Road with its plethora of hilltops. This road developed into an elite address for a small number of wealthy local residents. By the 1890s, there were six such families living along Cavendish Road between Old Cleveland and Chatsworth Roads and in 1914 this number had increased to ten. They built their large houses on acreage sites, employed domestic staff and had such amenities as kitchen gardens, orchards, fowl houses and tennis courts.

The interwar period heralded a period both of residential expansion and developmental consolidation in Brisbane. With the extension of tramlines, suburbs such as Greenslopes, Camp Hill and Coorparoo experienced major increases in residential development throughout the 1920s and 1930s.

The set of three brick shops situated at the corner of Cavendish and Old Cleveland Roads reflects the growing residential popularity of the suburb of Coorparoo in the interwar period and the increased need for retail facilities.

In 1915 Peter Joseph Faust established a grocery store on the corner site and began a commercial tradition. In 1926 the property was sold to David Young. Aware of the commercial potential of the corner, Young's plans were for the building of a set of shops to maximise his investment returns. In May 1927 plans were approved for the construction of a set of three brick shops on the corner. The building was designed by renowned Brisbane interwar architect, E. P. Trewern and built by W. R. Gaskell and Son.

Victorian trained Eric Percival Trewern established his Brisbane architectural practice in 1920 at an address in Queen Street, Brisbane. The practice continued until Trewern's death in 1959. The height of his design success occurred in the interwar period and he is renowned for his innovative designs incorporating the Spanish Mission and the Old English/Tudor revival style in residential and commercial architecture. Amongst his finest residential designs is the New Farm house "Santa Barbara" that is considered the best example of the Spanish Mission style in Brisbane. Trewern designed many commercial buildings in central Brisbane many of which no longer exist. One important extant building is the Inchcolm Professional Chambers on Wickham Terrace. Trewern was an active member of many prestigious architectural societies in the pursuit of improving professional architectural standards in Queensland.

In 1929 three businesses were listed at the address; on the very corner was the Coorparoo Butchery, then Tomlinson's store, and Mrs. Crowley's confectionary shop. The intact brick set of shops have continued their original retail use throughout the twentieth and into the twenty-first century and play an important contributing role in Coorparoo's history.

Statement of significance

Relevant assessment criteria

This is a place of local heritage significance and meets one or more of the local heritage criteria under the Heritage planning scheme policy of the *Brisbane City Plan 2014*. It is significant because:

Historical

CRITERION A

The place is important in demonstrating the evolution or pattern of the city's or local area's history

as the set of three brick shops were built in 1927 in a period of suburban growth in the Coorparoo area and reflects the subsequent need for retail services.

Aesthetic

CRITERION E

The place is important because of its aesthetic significance

this corner building with its decorative brick front façade, suspended awning and intact exterior tiling as this corner retail premises holds a dominant position within the main Coorparoo intersection of Old Cleveland and Cavendish Roads and makes a significant contribution to the streetscape.

References

- 1. Historic Titles, Department of Natural Resources and Water
- 2. Queensland Post Office Directories
- 3. Metropolitan Water and Sewage Survey Maps, 1949
- 4. Watson, Donald and Judith McKay. *A Directory of Queensland Architects to 1940.* (St. Lucia: U of Q Press, 1984)
- 5. Coorparoo, Stones Corner Centenary, 1856 1956, Printed by *The Courier Mail*, 1956

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Note: This citation has been prepared on the basis of evidence available at the time including an external examination of the building. The statement of significance is a summary of the most culturally important aspects of the property based on the available evidence, and may be re-assessed if further information becomes available. The purpose of this citation is to provide an informed evaluation for heritage registration and information. This does not negate the necessity for a thorough conservation study by a qualified practitioner, before any action is taken which may affect its heritage significance.

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