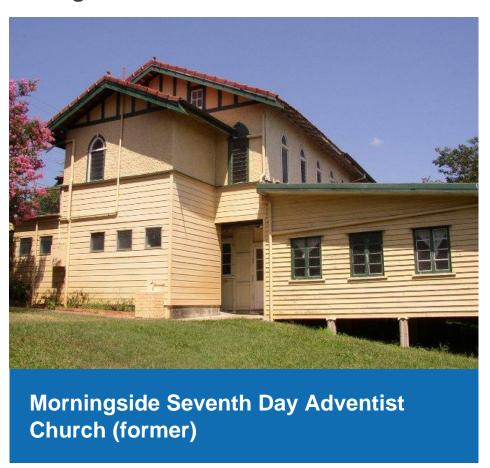


Heritage Citation



Key details

| Also known as | Iglesia Adventita Espana |
|---------------|---|
| Addresses | At 424 Wynnum Road, Morningside, Queensland 4170 |
| Type of place | Church |
| Period | Interwar 1919-1939 |
| Style | Composite |
| Lot plan | L82_RP12840; L83_RP12840 |
| Key dates | Local Heritage Place Since — 1 January 2004 Date of Citation — February 2004 |

Construction Roof: Terracotta tile;

Walls: Timber

Criterion for listing (A) Historical; (D) Representative; (G) Social

The Morningside Seventh Day Adventist Church was built in 1929 as the expanding congregation prompted the need for one large, central church. The residential-style building features elements of both the Mediterranean and Old English styles of interwar architecture and includes additional rooms for a Sabbath school and recreation hall. A classroom was also added to the building in 1958.

History

The land on which this church stands was purchased by the Australasian Conference Association (the Seventh Day Adventist Church) mid 1929. It had been part of a large parcel of land owned by Joseph Walter Tritton of the famous Brisbane furniture manufacturing family. This sizeable allotment stretched from Lawson Street and New Cleveland Road (now Wynnum Road) to the north and south, and Thynne Road and Riding Road to the east and west.

Early Adventist worship in the area had been conducted in a variety of localities, but a growing congregation prompted the construction of a dedicated church. Up to this time the population of Morningside had steadily increased, as it had in the surrounding suburbs. A late nineteenth century upsurge in residential development was followed by another in the interwar years. This last growth period had been preceded by significant subdivision of large parcels of land. A deal of this subdivision took place during or immediately after the First World War. Indeed, Tritton's allotment was mostly subdivided between 1913 and 1918.

In 1929 two lots totalling 32 perches were acquired and the church building was erected soon afterwards. The builder was J.W. Groom and the configuration of the block, which is considerably below road level, was exploited to provide a church above two smaller rooms. These served as a sabbath school and recreation hall respectively.

The building provided space for junior and senior branches of the Missionary Volunteer Society as well as the Dorcas society, which provided assistance to needy people. Early worshippers at the church included the President of the Queensland Conference, Pastor W.G. Turner and Mrs John Tritton. In recent years the church appears to have specialised in serving the Spanish Adventist community, though no records are presently available to determine exactly when this policy was adopted.

Examination of historical plans and aerial photographs show that the building largely retains its early configuration, though Council records show that a classroom was added to the building in 1958. This appears to be the same structure that presently exists at the rear of the church. The Church itself has a terracotta tiled gable roof with a projecting front porch and end bay. Walls are pebble-dash render to the upper part, with weather boards below. Windows are Gothic-arched with leadlight fanlights above louvres. Floors are timber on low concrete stumps. Access from the road to the upper level was originally by a bridge to the central projecting porch. This porch was originally open, but has since been enclosed, and the bridge access moved to one side.

The building is significant as a place of worship and community service that was purpose built by the Seventh

Day Adventist Church and then used by them for nearly seventy-five years. This lengthy usage also makes it significant in the history of religious worship in Morningside in the 20th century. The building has also made a constant and significant contribution to this part of the local streetscape since its erection in 1929.

Statement of significance

Relevant assessment criteria

This is a place of local heritage significance and meets one or more of the local heritage criteria under the Heritage planning scheme policy of the *Brisbane City Plan 2014*. It is significant because:

Historical

CRITERION A

The place is important in demonstrating the evolution or pattern of the city's or local area's history

as a church building constructed as a response to growing congregation size in line with local population increase.

Representative

CRITERION D

The place is important in demonstrating the principal characteristics of a particular class or classes of cultural places

as an interwar timber church.

Social

CRITERION G

The place has a strong or special association with the life or work of a particular community or cultural group for social, cultural or spiritual reasons

as a Seventh Day Adventist church that was in continuous use as a place of worship and community service in the suburb or Morningside for nearly seventy-five years and thereby representing a significant component of the heritage of religious worship in the local area.

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Note: This citation has been prepared on the basis of evidence available at the time including an external examination of the building. The statement of significance is a summary of the most culturally important aspects of the property based on the available evidence, and may be re-assessed if further information becomes available. The purpose of this citation is to provide an informed evaluation for heritage registration and information. This does not negate the necessity for a thorough conservation study by a qualified practitioner, before any action is taken which may affect its heritage significance.

Citation prepared by — Brisbane City Council (page revised June 2022)



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