

# **Heritage Citation**

## **Shelburne Falls**

## **Key details**

Addresses	At 109 Gregory Terrace, Spring Hill, Queensland 4000
Type of place	House
Period	Federation 1890-1914
Style	Queenslander
Lot plan	L19_RP10424; L18_RP10419
Key dates	Local Heritage Place Since — 14 September 2018 Date of Citation — November 2014
Construction	Roof: Corrugated iron; Walls: Timber
Criterion for listing	(A) Historical; (B) Rarity; (D) Representative; (E) Aesthetic

This two storey timber house was constructed in 1897 as an investment property for Edward Lane. The stately house, overlooking Victoria Park was initially leased by Miss Merry who established a private hospital named 'Ormiston'. In 1902 the house was leased as a private residence to William Bligh Nutting, a dividing commissioner for the government, who resided in the house until 1909. In 1904 the house was named 'Shelburne Falls' and remained a rental property until the 1950s when it was divided into flats. In the 1960s Shelburne Falls was converted into professional offices. The nineteenth-century house is important as a rare example of a two-storey timber residence in Spring Hill and more specifically on Gregory Terrace; the house's location on the apex of the hill overlooking Victoria Park contributes to its aesthetic significance in this part of Spring Hill.

# **History**

The convict settlement was closed in 1839 and in 1842 Moreton Bay was officially opened for free settlement as

part of the colony of New South Wales. At this time the area now known as Spring Hill was Crown Land and by 1856 the government had begun to subdivide the land and sell to private investors. Initially the land on top of the hills was bought by wealthy Brisbane residents who established large houses overlooking the town. Smaller and less expensive lots were bought by those of slighter means on which modest workers' cottages were erected. Spring Hill quickly became one of Brisbane's earliest dormitory suburbs, where most of its inhabitants went to jobs every day in other areas.

By the 1890s Gregory Terrace consisted of a mix of housing types; from large houses built for the middle-class, to modest cottages dotted in between for those of smaller means. Most of the houses over-looked Victoria Park and this added to the attractive setting along the terrace. It is unclear whether there was a house on the property prior to the subject house's construction. In 1886, Edward Lane purchased a fourteen and a half perch block on the corner of Gregory Terrace and Parish Street.

The two-storey timber house was built in 1897 for Edward Lane who was recorded in the *Electoral Rolls* as being of 'Independent Means'. The house was built as rental investment when Gregory Terrace was an address increasingly sought after by a mix of artisan and professional residents in Brisbane. A clear indication of this is can be seen from 1893 when the residents on Gregory Terrace included a commission agent and valuator, two drapers, a jeweller, an artist, music teacher, umbrella maker, silver polisher, two accountants, civil engineer, a merchant and several carpenters. From the 1914 *Sewerage and Water Map*, the majority of housing stock along Gregory Terrace was large houses as well as a few small cottages. These large houses had names such as "Parkview", "Woolerina", "Braeside", "Grevillia" and "Stewarton".

In 1897 the Brisbane Courier published an advertisement for the newly constructed house:

"To Let – a New two-storied nine-roomed house, just finished, with kitchen, servant's room, bath and store rooms, also every convenience, near Grammar School, facing Victoria Park" <sup>1</sup>.

In the same year Miss Merry became the leasee and established the Ormiston Private Hospital. An advertisement from 1898 stated that the hospital specialised in "Medical, Surgical and Massage Cases". The hospital was run from the house until 1902 when the lease was taken over by William Bligh Nuttal, a dividing commissioner for the government.

The house was named Shelburne Falls in 1904 and was Nuttal's home until 1909. It then had a succession of tenants until the 1950s when it was first converted into flats and then, in the 1960s to professional offices.

Today, Shelburne Falls has been lovingly restored and plays an important role in the historic streetscape of Gregory Terrace.

# Statement of significance

#### Relevant assessment criteria

This is a place of local heritage significance and meets one or more of the local heritage criteria under the Heritage planning scheme policy of the *Brisbane City Plan 2014*. It is significant because:

#### **Historical**

**CRITERION A** 

The place is important in demonstrating the evolution or pattern of the city's or local area's history

as an example of a large, two-storey timber house, built as a rental property for professional and wealthy tenants, it demonstrates the pattern of development in Spring Hill.

## **Rarity**

**CRITERION B** 

The place demonstrates rare, uncommon or endangered aspects of the city's or local area's cultural heritage as an example of a highly attractive late nineteenth-century, two-storey timber house in Spring Hill.

### Representative

**CRITERION D** 

The place is important in demonstrating the principal characteristics of a particular class or classes of cultural places

as an example of a highly attractive two-storey, timber house built for professional and wealthy tenants in Spring Hill.

#### **Aesthetic**

**CRITERION E** 

The place is important because of its aesthetic significance

as a highly attractive late nineteenth-century, two-storey timber house prominently situated on Gregory Terrace and over-looking Victoria Park

## References

- 1. Brisbane Courier, 18 September 1897, p6
- 2. Post Office Directories.

- 3. Certificates of Titles, Department of Natural Resources and Mines
- 4. Queensland Electoral Rolls
- 5. Allom Lovell Marquis-Kyle, *The Character of Residential Areas, Brisbane*, A Study for the Brisbane City Council, 1994
- 6. Brisbane History Group, Housing, Health, the River and the Arts, Papers No. 3, 1985
- 7. Brisbane City Council Water and Sewerage Maps
- 8. Queensland Times, 5 February 1913, p6
- 9. The Queenslander, 12 June 1897, p1318
- 10. Brisbane Courier, 6 December 1900
- 11. Brisbane Courier, 13 May 1898, p4
- 12. Courier Mail, 7 September, 1938

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**Note:** This citation has been prepared on the basis of evidence available at the time including an external examination of the building. The statement of significance is a summary of the most culturally important aspects of the property based on the available evidence, and may be re-assessed if further information becomes available. The purpose of this citation is to provide an informed evaluation for heritage registration and information. This does not negate the necessity for a thorough conservation study by a qualified practitioner, before any action is taken which may affect its heritage significance.

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